

QUESTION PAPER 2

[Total Marks: ...]

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions : As per Question Paper 1.

Section A

Answer the following questions as required : [24 objective questions - 1 mark each] 24

• Match the pairs correctly :

Section 'A'	Section 'B'
1. Brihadeshwar temple (C)	A. Cold forests
2. Originator of dance (E)	B. Economic Liberalization
3. Red Panda (A)	C. Unique temple of ancient India
4. A solar power plant (F)	D. Lamba
5. Industrial policy of 1991 (B)	E. Lord Shiva - Nataraj
	F. Madhopur

• State whether the following statements are True or False :

- The Rigveda is the most ancient book of Indian literature. T
- Dholaveera was the best city in terms of town-planning. f
- Fiscal policy means Government's strategy with respect to public expenditure and rising revenue taxation and public loan policy. T
- India has the highest Human Development Index. f
- Religion is a matter of faith and reverence. T

• Fill in the blanks with correct alternative :

- The law concerning wildlife was implemented in (1975, 1979, 1972)
- Holy names of rivers have been included in our prayers. (twelve, nine, seven)

13. Maximum use of groundwater is done for (drinking water, irrigation, industry)

14. About % water is useful for irrigation in India. (84, 52, 65)

15. people are better mountaineers (Bhotia, Nepali, Bhailya)

• Choose the correct option from those given below each question and write the answer :

16. Which oil refinery has caused damage to the Taj Mahal?

- A. Agra B. Kanpur
C. Aligadh D. Mathura

17. Which is the main source of water resources on Earth?

- A. Oceans B. Rivers C. Lakes D. Rain

18. After arranging the following multi-purpose projects from North to South, which option seems to be correct?

- A. Chambal Valley, Bhakra-Nangal, Narmada Valley, Nagarjun Sagar
B. Bhakra-Nangal, Nagarjun Sagar, Narmada Valley, Chambal Valley
C. Nagarjun Sagar, Narmada Valley, Chambal Valley, Bhakra-Nangal
D. Bhakra-Nangal, Chambal Valley, Narmada Valley, Nagarjun Sagar

19. What is derived from dividing national income by total population?

- A. Average income
B. Per capita income
C. Economic growth
D. Absolute income

NAVNEET

20. Economic development means ...
A. betterment of standard of living of people
B. increase in the income of the people
C. increase in the inflation
D. increase in the exports

• Answer the following questions in short (one or two words):

21. The National Highway No. 44 connects which cities of India?
A. Srinagar to Kanniyakumari

Answer any nine questions out of thirteen questions given below: 18 [2 marks each]

25. Give information about the most-ancient people belonging to the Aryan race.

26. Images of which animals are shown on our national emblem?

27. Write brief information about Gar and Garbi of Gujarat.

28. In an art the characters like Ran Rangli promotes social themes through their presentation. Give an introduction of that art. (OR) Write a short note on: Bhavai

29. Write a brief note on Kailas temple Ellora.

30. What precautions should be taken while repairing/maintaining historical monuments?

Answer any six questions out of questions given below: [3 marks each]

38. Write about public bath and buildings in Mohen-jo-Daro. (Ex. G. Write about the houses of Mohen-jo-Daro.)

39. Give detailed information about roads in Mohen-jo-Daro.

40. "Gupta Age is known as the Golden Age of Sanskrit literature."

22 Dibrugarh to

20. Economic development means ...
- A. betterment of standard of living of people
 - B. increase in the income of the people
 - C. increase in the inflation
 - D. increase in the exports

22. The railway route between which places is known as 'Vivek Express'?
23. What is called the increase in national income of developed countries?
24. Economically India is which type of country? *Developing*

• Answer the following questions in short (one or two words):

21. The National Highway No. 44 connects which cities of India?

21 Srinagar to Kanniyakumari

23 Economic Development

Section B

Answer any nine questions out of thirteen questions given below: 18 [2 marks each]

(Ex. Q. Write your views regarding cleanliness and preservation of the tourist spots.)

- 25. Give information about the most-ancient people belonging to the Aryan race.
- 26. Images of which animals are shown on our national emblem?
- 27. Write brief information about Garba and Garbi of Gujarat.
- 28. In an art the characters like Ranglo-Rangli promotes social themes through their presentation. Give an introduction of that art. (OR Writer a short note on: Bhavai)
- 29. Write a brief note on Kailas temple of Ellora.
- 30. What precautions should be taken while repairing/maintaining historical monuments?

- 31. What is meant by a sanctuary? (Ex. Q. Explain the types of forests according to administration.)
- 32. Modern age is known as 'mineral age'. Why?
- 33. Mention the characteristics and uses of copper.
- 34. Explain the importance of industries.
- 35. What is meant by industrial pollution?
- 36. Describe the constitutional provisions for welfare and development of the Scheduled Castes.
- 37. Which section of the society is known as the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes?

Section C

Answer any six questions out of nine questions given below: 18 [3 marks each]

- 38. Write about public bath and public buildings in Mohen-jo-Daro. (Ex. Q. Write about the houses in Mohen-

- 41. What is meant by resource? Describe its usages.
- 42. Explain the following terms:
 - (1) Resources
 - (2) Conservation resource
 - (3) Soil

QUESTION PAPER 3

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions : As per Question Paper 1.

[Total Marks

Section A

Answer the following questions as required : [24 objective questions - 1 mark each] 24

• Match the pairs correctly :

Section 'A'	Section 'B'
1. Entrance gate of a temple (+)	A. Vadnagar
2. Tana-Riri Festival (A)	B. 1972
3. One-horned Indian Rhino (D)	C. 1981
4. Wind farm (E) (B)	D. Assam and Sunderbans
5. First Earth conference	E. Lamba
	F. Gopuram

• State whether the following statements are True or False :

- The oldest language of the Dravidians was Telugu. *F*
- The Sarnath stupa is a unique example of architecture. *F*
- Every year 15th January is observed as 'World Consumer Rights Day' in the world. *T*
- 1975 was celebrated as 'Women Empowerment Year'. *F*
- India is a communist and secular country. *F*

• Fill in the blanks with correct alternatives :

- Salarjung Museum is in
(Kolkata, Bhopal, Hyderabad)
- The Government of India has declared some important places as 'National Monuments'.
(historical, religious, archeological)

13. In 1882, the Eastern Canal constructed in Uttar Pradesh.
(Yamuna, Ganga, Kosi)

14. are main media for irrigation in India.
(Wells and lakes, Lakes and tube wells, Wells and tube-wells)

15. The National Highway No. is the longest highway of India. (3, 8, 44)

• Choose the correct option from those given below each question and write the answer :

16. Who had addressed the World Religious Conference held at Chicago ?
A. Swami Ramkrishna Paramhansa
B. Swami Dayanand Saraswati
C. Swami Vivekananda
D. Raja Ram Mohan Roy

17. On which river is the Grand Anicut (Grand Dam) constructed ?
A. Godavari
B. Kaveri
C. Krishna
D. Tungabhadra

18. Connect the following multi-purpose projects along with its beneficiary state and select a correct order :

1. Bhakra-Nangal	a. Bihar
2. Kosi	b. Punjab
3. Nagarjun Sagar	c. Gujarat
4. Narmada Valley	d. Andhra Pradesh

- A. (1-b), (2-a), (3-c), (4-d).
B. (1-b), (2-a), (3-d), (4-c).
C. (1-d), (2-c), (3-b), (4-a).
D. (1-c), (2-d), (3-a), (4-b).

19. Earning (income) and spending (expenditure) in the exchange of goods (commodities) and services is known as ...

- A. barter service
B. trading activity
C. economic activity
D. non-economic activity

20. What is the nature of economy in the developing countries ?

- A. Anti-development B. Pro-development
C. Traditional D. Dual

Answer any nine questions out of thirteen questions given below :
[2 marks each]

- Give information about the most-advanced people belonging to the Dravidian (OR The contribution of the Dravidians in the development of Indian culture)
- Elaborate the constituents of Indian natural heritage.
- "The relationship of human life has been connected with the tree in a forest since the beginning." Explain the statement. (OR Describe wood as a form of art in India.)
- Name the metal items produced by artisans of Lothal.
- Write a brief note on the prehistoric caves.

19. Earning (income) and spending (expenditure) in the exchange of goods (commodities) and services is known as ...

- A. barter service
- B. trading activity
- C. economic activity
- D. non-economic activity

20. What is the nature of economy in the developing countries?

- A. Anti-development
- B. Pro-development
- C. Traditional
- D. Dual

• Answer the following questions in short (one or two words):

21. Which organization constructs roads in the border area of the country?

22. Which company provides helicopter services to ONGC and State Government?

23. Which is the natural factor of production?

24. Production of small pin to gigantic machines is included in which sector?

Section B

Answer any nine questions out of thirteen questions given below: 18 [2 marks each]

25. Give information about the most-ancient people belonging to the Dravidian race.

(OR The contribution of the Dravidians in the development of Indian culture.)

26. Elaborate the constituents of India's natural heritage.

27. "The relationship of human life has been connected with the tree and the forest since the beginning." Explain the statement. (OR Describe wood work as a form of art in India.)

28. Name the metal items produced by the artisans of Lothal.

29. Write a brief note on the Elephanta caves.

30. How do people spoil/damage our heritage?

31. What is National Park?

32. Why is there an increase in the usage of non-conventional energy today?

33. Classify the metallic minerals. (Ex. Q. State the uses of manganese.)

34. During a visit to West Bengal, it was noticed that people extensively used jute doormats, ropes and gunny bags. What could be the reason for it?

35. Which raw materials are required for manufacturing cement?

36. Under different five year plans what provisions have been made for the people of schedule castes and schedule tribes?

37. State the social effects of terrorism.

[Total Marks ...]

1 Canal ... Pradesh. na, Ganga, Kos ... dia for irrigation

Lakes and tube ... e-wells)

No. is the ... lia. (3, 8, 44) ... tion from those ... stion and write

World Religions ... ago? ... aramhansa ... aswati

Grand Anicut ? ... veri

Ugabhadra ... multi-purpose ... eficiary state

o ... it ... a Pradesh

- d).
- c).
- a).
- b).

QUESTION PAPER 4

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions : As per Question Paper 1.

[Total Marks]

Section A

Answer the following questions as required : [24 objective questions - 1 mark each] 24

• Match the pairs correctly :

Section 'A'	Section 'B'
1. Kalibangan (A)	A. Rann of Kachchh
2. Great poet Kalidas (C)	B. Methane
3. Bio-reserve area (A)	C. Vikramorvashiyam
4. Bio-gas plant (B)	D. Environment Day
5. 5th June (D)	E. Pollution
	F. Rajasthan Control Day

• State whether the following statements are True or False :

- 'Uttar Ramcharit' is a famous book written by Tulsidas in Awadhi language. → T
- The Sarnath pillar is the best example of sculpture. → F
- Every year, 24th December is celebrated as 'National Consumer Rights Day' in India. → T
- Gujarat government has made provision of 33% reservation for women in government jobs. → T
- There is no reservation of seats in Rajya Sabha for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. → T

• Fill in the blanks with correct alternative :

- India has proved the feelings of '.....' in the whole world.

(Vasudhaiva Manushyakam, Vasudhaiva Sanskrutim, Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam)

12. Shri Mahavir Jain Aradhana Koba is located at (Gandhinagar, Patan, Ahmedabad)

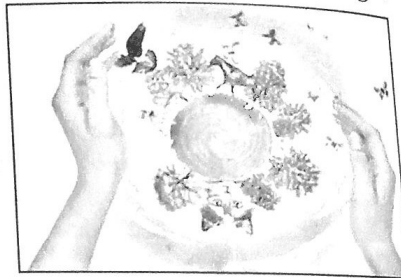
13. The Bhakra-Nangal multi-purpose project is on river. (Satluj, Yamuna, Gomti)

14. The Nagarjun Sagar multi-purpose project is on river. (Kaveri, Krishna, Godavari)

15. The route between Dibrugarh and Kanniyakumari is the longest rail route in India, which is known as '.....'. (Vivek Express, Ashoka Express, Shatabdi Express)

• Select the correct option from the given below each question and write the answer :

16. Identify the following image :



- National Monument
- Unity in Diversity
- Wildlife and conservation of environment
- Tourism Industry

17. After independence, by how many times has irrigated area increased in India?

- One and half times
- Two and half times
- Three times
- Four times

NAVNEET

18. Which of the following statements is not true?

- Compared to canals, irrigator wells and tube-wells is more efficient.
- Himalayan rivers are called perennial rivers.
- The water which is soaked into the ground surface into the ground is called groundwater.
- Punjab and Haryana are the states which are dependent on irrigation.

19. According to the World Development Report, what is the minimum per capita income (in dollars) for a country to be called a developing country?

- \$ 480
- \$ 520
- \$ 560
- \$ 600

Answer any nine questions from the following thirteen questions given below. [2 marks each]

- Why do we regard rivers as a feature of India's heritage? (OR Explain the importance of rivers in India's heritage.)
- Differentiate between natural heritage and cultural heritage.
- Write about 'Sangeet Natak Akademi'.
- Give information about the style of architecture of the Vijayanagara Empire.
- Give information about the style of architecture of the Vijayanagara Empire.
- When was the Bhojpur Society established? What did it undertake? (Ex. Q. Describe the tourism industry in India.)

NAVNEET

18. Which of the following statements is not true?

- A. Compared to canals, irrigation through wells and tube-wells is more in India.
- B. Himalayan rivers are called seasonal rivers.
- C. The water which is soaked from the surface into the ground is called groundwater.
- D. Punjab and Haryana are leading states in irrigation.

19. According to the World Bank's 2004 report, what is the minimum per capita income (in dollars) for a country to be called a developing country?
 A. \$ 480 B. \$ 520 C. \$ 735 D. \$ 250

20. Economically India is which type of country?

- A. Developed
- B. Backward
- C. Developing
- D. Poor

• Answer the following questions in short (one or two words):

21. Which project interlinks Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai and Kolkata?

22. The Government has started 'Make in India' project to make what positive?

23. Who coordinates land, labour and capital and undertakes planning of production?

24. Which countries have made their economic development through market system?

Handwritten notes:
 → Golden Quadrilateral
 → Enter Partnership
 → America and Japan
 → business boost industrial growth
 → create job opportunities
 → reduce dependency imports.

Section B

Answer any nine questions out of thirteen questions given below: 18 [2 marks each]

25. Why do we regard rivers as 'Lok Mata'? (OR Explain the importance of rivers as a feature of India's national heritage.)

26. Differentiate between India's natural heritage and cultural heritage.

27. Write about 'Sangeet Ratnakar'.

28. Give information about Kathakali dance style.

29. Give information about Qutub Minar.

30. When was the Bombay Natural History Society established? What activities does it undertake?

(Ex. 9. Describe the advantages of tourism industry.)

31. In which wetlands regions of India do the migratory birds come to spend the winter?

32. State the major places where iron is available.

33. Differentiate between Natural Gas and Bio-gas (Gobar Gas).

34. How many ship building centres are there in India? Which are they?

35. What is meant by environmental degradation?

36. State the constitutional provisions for the welfare and development of minorities.

37. State the economic effects of terrorism.

Total Marks: ...
 adhana Kendra
 n. Ahmedabad
 -purpose project
 muna, Ganga
 multi-purpose
 ver.
 na, Godavari
 Dibrugarh
 longest railway
 is known as
 ss, Ashrafi
 ss)
 1 from those
 on and write
 ge :
 of
 many times
 in India?

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions : As per Question Paper 1.

Section A

Answer the following questions as required : [24 objective questions - 1 mark each] 24

- Match the pairs correctly :

Section 'A'	Section 'B'
1. Adhai-din-Ka-Jhopara (D)	A. Bikaner
2. Jadtar work (A)	B. Rome
3. Keoladev National park (C)	C. India
4. Mica (C)	D. Ajmer
5. Head quarter of World Trade Organisation (F)	E. Rajasthan
	F. Geneva

- State whether the following statements are True or False :

6. Raja Krishnadevaraya, the great king of Vijaynagar was a Hindi and Sanskrit writer. **F**
7. The carving of the Modhera Sun temple is done in the Iranian School of Art. **T**
8. MPO logo is given to meat, mutton and products made from them. **T**
9. In Local self-government institutions, women reservation percentage has been increased to 50%. **T**
10. Insurgency is a global problem. **F**

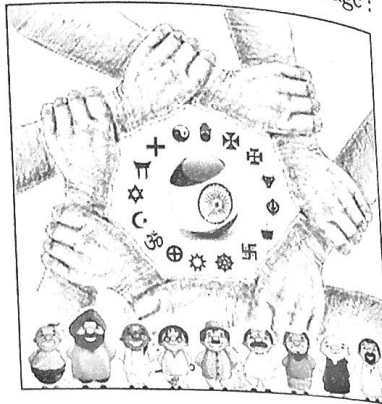
- Fill in the blanks with correct alternative :

11. India has spread tolerance and secularism across the world.
(cultural, spiritual, religious)
12. "Let us get good thoughts and vibrations from all four directions" is the message of the (Rigveda, Ramayana, Shrimad Bhagwad Gita)

13. The Krishnaraj Sagar multi-purpose project is on river.
(Kaveri, Krishna, Godavari)
14. The Sardar Sarovar multi-purpose project is on river.
(Sabarmati, Tapi, Narmada)
15. is an all weather port of Gujarat.
(Porbandar, Okha, Pipri)

- Select the correct option from the given below each question and write the answer :

16. Identify the following image :



- A. Historical heritage of India
B. Cultural Identity of India
C. Religious tolerance
D. Unity in Diversity
17. Which state has the highest irrigated area in India compared to its total cultivated area?
A. Punjab B. Uttar Pradesh
C. Bihar D. Maharashtra
18. Of which states is Nagarjun Sagar the largest multi-purpose project?
A. Andhra Pradesh and Telangana
B. Tamil Nadu and Karnataka
C. Karnataka and Kerala
D. Odisha and Jharkhand

NAVNEET

19. Animal husbandry (cattle-rearing) included in which sector of economy?

- A. Secondary
B. Primary
C. Service
D. None of these

20. Which is the living factor of production?

- A. Labour
B. Land
C. Tractor
D. Capital

Answer any nine questions from the following thirteen questions given below [2 marks each]

25. Write about the people of the Aryan race. (OR Give an introduction to the tribe which contributed to making Indian culture varied and prosperous.)
26. "People of India are environmental lovers since ancient time." Justify.
27. What is the process of spinning?
28. Which designs did artisan use to make clay utensils?
29. Write a short note on the churches of Goa.
(Ex. 9. Make a list of the cultural heritage in Ahmednagar)

NAVNEET

19. Animal husbandary (cattle-rearing) is included in which sector of economy?

- A. Secondary
- B. Primary
- C. Service
- D. None of these

20. Which is the living factor of production?

- A. Labour
- B. Land
- C. Tractor
- D. Capital

• Answer the following questions in short (one or two words):

- 21. Due to which reasons have the E-mail, E-commerce and the exchange of currency become faster? - Internet
- 22. A merchant from Kolkata orders onions from Karachi. Which type of trade system is it known as?
- 23. On what basis the economic decisions are taken in market system? - Price
- 24. In which economy is highest importance is given to capital and pricing? - market economy

Section B

Answer any nine questions out of thirteen questions given below: 18 [2 marks each]

25. Write about the people of the Australoid race. (OR Give an introduction of the tribe which contributed greatly in making Indian culture variegated and prosperous.)

26. "People of India are environment/nature lover since ancient time." How?

27. What is the process followed in spinning?

28. Which designs did artisans make on clay utensils?

29. Write a short note on the cathedrals (churches) of Goa.

(Ex. Q. Make a list of the places of cultural heritage in Ahmedabad.)

30. Which activities are undertaken by the Department of Archaeological Survey of India?

(Ex. Q. Name the major museums in Gujarat.)

31. What is meant by Bio-reserve Zone?

(Ex. Q. State the effects of forest destruction.)

32. Which states in India produce manganese?

33. State the uses of coal.

34. Where are the centres of chemical fertilizer industry located in Gujarat?

35. Mention centres of paper industry of Gujarat.

36. Explain the difference between insurgency (rebellion) and terrorism.

37. Write short note on terrorism - a global problem.

QUESTION PAPER 6

Time : 3 Hours]

Instructions : As per Question Paper 1.

Section A

Answer the following questions as required : [24 objective questions - 1 mark each] 24

- Match the pairs correctly :

Section 'A'	Section 'B'
1. Rudra Mahalaya (F)	A. Pandit Narad
2. Natyashastra (A)	B. Chandraprabha
3. Sanctuary (B)	C. Lasundra
4. Geothermal Energy (C)	D. Bharatmuni
5. Evil of monopoly increased (E)	E. Privatization
	F. Siddhpur

- State whether the following statements are True or False :

- Chanakya, the mentor of Chandragupta Maurya and Chandragupta himself studied at Nalanda University. *F*
- The end of a wall of a masjid (Kibla) is known as 'Livan'. *F*
- Codex Allimelatrius Commission (CAC) was set up to certify edible products in India. *F*
- To ensure that women get just making a call, 108 Abhayam Women Helpline has been started in Gujarat. *F*
- India became independent on 15th August, 1948. *F*
- Fill in the blanks with correct alternative :
 - 'Unity in

(Heritage, Diversity, Greatness)

- The people of India live their life with the feelings of (compromise, world fraternity, co-existence)

- The Dharoi multi-purpose project is on river.
(Mahisagar, Sabarmati)

- state has the least area under irrigation.
(Manipur, Mizoram, Meghalaya)

- Punjab does not have a sea coast. It gets its from Gujarat.
(fish, beads)

- Select the correct option from the given below each question and write the answer :

- Who emphasized cultural unity of India?
 - Saints
 - Sages
 - Torch-bearers
 - Rulers

- Which river delta is located in Tamil Nadu?
 - Kaveri
 - Krishna
 - Godavari
 - Tungabhadra

- Which of the following river flows through the monument 'The Statue of Unity'?
 - Narmada
 - Tapi
 - Mahi
 - Daman Ganga

- Which system is called free economy?
 - Socialist economy
 - Mixed economy
 - Market system
 - None of these

- Which type of economy does India have?
 - Mixed
 - Capitalist
 - Traditional
 - Socialist

NAVNEET

- Answer the following questions in short (one or two words)

- Which port in Gujarat has lock-gate system? - *Chhatrapati*

- What is known as Expressway? - *Expressway*

Answer any nine questions from the following thirteen questions given [2 marks each]

- Which are the things that are in our cultural heritage?

- Explain our two fundamental principles laid down in the constitution for the preservation and conservation of our cultural heritage.

- Name the writers of 'Sangeet Parijat' and 'Sangeet Parijat'.

- Write about the types of art and architecture along with their place.

- (Ex. Q. Give introduction of (1) Kumin (2) Garba)

- "India has been a land of pilgrimages since ancient times. State the statement. (OR) Describe the pilgrimages in India.

- Why is the Gupta period called the 'Golden Age'?

- Explain the role of the Gupta period in the development of Indian literature.

- Give information about the Gupta period.

- (Ex. Q. Write about the Gupta period literature.)

Answer any six questions from the following [3 marks each]

- Why is the Gupta period called the 'Golden Age'?

- Explain the role of the Gupta period in the development of Indian literature.

- Give information about the Gupta period.

- (Ex. Q. Write about the Gupta period literature.)

• Answer the following questions in short (one or two words):

21. Which port in Gujarat has an automatic lock-gate system? - *Bhavnagar*
22. What is known as Express Highway? - *Expressway*

23. Which system is quite opposite to market system? - *Socialist*
24. In which economic system, the means of production is owned by the state? - *Socialist market system*

Section B

Answer any nine questions out of thirteen questions given below: 18 [2 marks each]

25. Which are the things that are included in our cultural heritage?
26. Explain our two fundamental duties as laid down in the constitution for the preservation and conservation of heritage.
27. Name the writers of 'Sangeet Ratnakar' and 'Sangeet Parijat'.
28. Write about the types of classical dances, along with their place of origin.
- (Ex. Q. Give introduction of the words: (1) Kumin (2) Garba)
29. "India has been a land of pilgrimages since ancient time." Explain the statement. (OR Describe the places of pilgrimages in India.)

30. What did Swamy Vivekanand say about the religion at the 'World Religion Conference'?
31. Write notes about the wildlife on verge of extinction.
(Ex. Q. Mention the reasons for the destruction of wildlife.)
32. State about Mica.
33. Write short note on Bio-Gas.
34. Give a brief information about the chemical fertilizer industry in India.
35. Mention the challenges against the cotton textile industry.
(Ex. Q. "The cotton textile industry has flourished more in Mumbai and Ahmedabad." Explain the statement.)
36. Write a note on the Naxalite movement.
(Ex. Q. What is terrorism?)
37. Why did Kashmiri Pandits migrate from their home land?

Section C

Answer any six questions out of nine questions given below: 18 [3 marks each]

38. Why is the Gupta period regarded as the 'Golden Age' of the Indian arts?
39. Explain the town-planning in ancient India.
40. Give information about Vallabhi

41. Describe the process of soil formation and state the basis on which these are classified.
(Ex. Q. Give information about the red soil in India.)
42. Explain the following terms:
(1) Regur soil
(2) Marshy or Peaty soil
(3) Desert soil